

Introduction to Modal Logic

Exercise class 5

October 20, 2016

- (1) Our primitive connectives are \vee , \neg , \top , \perp and \diamond . Let p be a propositional letter that occurs in φ . Define by induction on φ : The occurrence of p is positive (negative).
- (2) A formula φ is called positive (negative) in p if all occurrences of p are positive (negative).
 - Show that if φ is positive in p then it is upward monotone in p , and if it is negative in p then it is downward monotone in p .
 - What about the converse? If φ upward (downward) monotone in p does it follow that φ is positive (negative) in p ?
- (3) Can you give first-order correspondents for the following formulas?
 - $\Box p \wedge p \rightarrow \Diamond \Diamond p$
 - $\Diamond \Box p \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \Diamond p$